

## RELATIONSHIPS AND SEX EDUCATION (RSE) POLICY

This policy applies to all pupils, including EYFS

Policy written: August 2020 Next review: August 2021

### This document will remain valid until the end of the academic year 2020-21

#### **Introduction and Aims**

Pupils at PGHS are growing up in an increasingly complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks. Our aim is to ensure that in this environment, children and young people know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way.

From September 2020, Relationships Education is compulsory for all primary schools in England, and Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) is compulsory in all secondary schools.

Relationships Education, taught in the Lower School, is defined as learning about the key building blocks of healthy, respectful relationships, focusing on family and friendships, in all contexts, including online. This sits alongside the essential understanding of how to be healthy. In addition, pupils in Upper Key Stage 2 (Year 5-6) will learn about the body changes associated with puberty in girls.

In the Senior School, teaching builds on the knowledge about healthy relationships acquired at primary level and also includes Sex Education, which is defined as developing pupils' understanding of health, with an increased focus on risk areas such as drugs and alcohol, as well as introducing knowledge about intimate relationships and sex.

At PGHS, we believe that mental wellbeing is central to every pupils' happiness and success. We know that children and young people are increasingly experiencing challenges, and that young people are at particular risk of feeling lonely. The RSE curriculum will give them the knowledge and capability to take care of themselves and receive support if problems arise.

RSE is taught in a wider context of helping to foster pupil wellbeing, and develop the resilience and character that we know are fundamental to pupils being happy, successful and productive members of society. Central to this is pupils' ability to believe that they can achieve goals, both academic and personal; to stick to tasks that will help them achieve those goals, even when the reward may be distant or uncertain; and to recover from knocks and challenging periods in their lives.

At PGHS, RSE is taught as part of the PSHEE programme of study, which complements the development of personal attributes including kindness, integrity, generosity, and honesty; these are a fundamental part of our School values as reflected in our motto, *By Love Serve One Another*.

Under the provisions of the Equality Act, PGHS will not unlawfully discriminate on the grounds of age, sex, race, disability, religion or belief, gender reassignment, pregnancy or maternity, marriage or civil partnership, or sexual orientation, and the delivery of RSE will reflect this stance.

## RSE Policy and Curriculum Development and Review

The RSE policy and curriculum has been produced in line with statutory guidance from the Department for Education and the PSHE Association, with input from our expert staff and in consultation with parents.

We are clear that parents and carers are the prime educators for children on many of these matters. At PGHS we aim to work in collaboration with parents and carers, building on what pupils learn at home.

This policy and the RSE curriculum reflect our School's context and diverse nature as well as recognising that the role of educating every pupil is a partnership between home and School.

We always aim to deliver content in a sensitive, objective and balanced manner to enable pupils to comprehend the range of social attitudes and behaviour in modern-day society. This will empower them to consider their own attitudes and actions and make informed, reasoned and responsible decisions while they are at School, at home and in adult life.

The RSE policy and curriculum will be reviewed on an annual basis by staff leading in this area and via consultation with parents where appropriate. The policy will be approved annually by SMT.

#### **RSE Curriculum Overview**

The RSE curriculum is part of the whole school PSHEE curriculum, which is planned and designed to be age appropriate, accessible to all pupils including those with SEND, under the following themes:

- Relationships (families and friends)
- •Health and Wellbeing
- •Living in the Wider World
- My Future Self
- Online / Digital Safety

See PSHEE Schemes of Work for more detail.

The RSE topics fall under all of these themes and are mainly taught within the PSHEE curriculum, but may also be covered across the curriculum in subjects such as Science or Life Skills (Senior School).

## **EYFS (Nursery and Reception)**

Relationships education is taught by the Nursery and Reception staff through stories, circle time, modelled play and is embedded across all areas of the EYFS curriculum, particularly within the themes of All About Me, My Family and Making Friends.

#### **Lower School**

Appendix A sets out the objectives from the new RSE Programme of study and shows where it is taught, either by the PSHEE teacher, or subject teachers.

#### The Senior School

Appendix B sets out the objectives for RSE and shows how they are covered. They are taught by PSHEE/Life Skills teachers alongside Form Tutors and Science teachers.

## **Guest Speakers**

We sometimes use outside speakers to complement our teaching of the RSE content. In this instance, speakers are asked to work within the framework of our RSE policy and adhere to the policy for visiting speakers. A teacher will be present throughout these lessons.

## Right to Withdraw

Parents do not have the right to withdraw their child from Relationships Education. Teaching of the topics covered in this area can help prepare pupils for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of adult life.

However, parents do have the right to request that their daughter be withdrawn from some or all of the Sex Education delivered as part of the statutory RSE. Parents must state their request in writing to the Headmistress. Parents will then be invited to discuss the request with the School to ensure that their wishes are fully understood.

We will clarify the nature and purpose of the curriculum alongside the benefits of receiving this important education and any detrimental effects that withdrawal might have on their daughter, e.g. the emotional and social effects of being excluded as well as

the likelihood of the pupil hearing their peers' version of what was learnt in the class rather than what was delivered by the teacher.

Unless there are exceptional circumstances, the School will respect the parents' request to withdraw their daughter. Requests from parents must be submitted annually for consideration.

However, three terms before a pupil turns 16 years old they are legally able to make their own decision as to whether they receive sex education. The School will make arrangements to provide the pupil with sex education during one of those terms and a parental request of withdrawal will not be granted.

## **Linked Policies:**

Curriculum Policy
PSHEE Policy
Equal Opportunities Policy
Accessibility Policy
SEND Policy

**Appendix A** – Coverage of objectives across Years 1-6

OBJECTIVES FROM NEW RSE PROGRAMME OF STUDY	PSHEE LESSONS	OTHER COVERAGE
FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHO CARE FOR ME		
that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability	Y1-6	Y1 History – Toys Y1 – RE Y1 – Geography – Island Life
the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives	Y1-3, Y5-6	Y3 History/English – Black History Month and Harriet Tubman Y4 – RE – 10 commandments Y5 - RE Y6 English – Pig Heart Boy Y6 music – Reggae song writing about love, family, friendship, optimism etc.
that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care	Y1-6	
that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up	Y5-6	
that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong	Y6	
how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed	Y2, Y3, Y6	

CARING FRIENDSHIPS		
how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends	Y2-6	Y1-Y6 Art – teaching how to make peer assessment Y1 – English – Julia Donaldson – character relationships
<ul> <li>the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties</li> <li>that healthy friendships are positive</li> </ul>	Y2-6 Y1-6	Y1 - RE Y3 English - A Recipe for Friendship comprehension task Y4 English - Issues and Dilemmas Y4 ICT Online communication (WhatsApp, FaceTime,
and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded.		Email, Gaming sidebar) Y6 Music - Reggae song writing about love, family, friendship, optimism, social
that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right	Y1-6	issues etc
how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed	Y1-5	
RESPECTFUL RELATIONSHIPS		
the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs	Y2-6	Y1-2 – dining room etiquette Y1 – RE Y1 – Internet safety Y2 History – Emmeline Pankhurst Y2 RE

_	practical steps they can take in a	Y2-6	Y2 Art/History – Frieda
	range of different contexts to	12-0	Kahlo
	improve or support respectful		Y3 History/English – Black
	relationships		History Month – Harriet
	remainings		Tubman
•	the conventions of courtesy and	Y3, Y5	Y3 History – Holocaust
	manners		Memorial Week
			Y3 ICT – Internet and email
•	the importance of self-respect and	Y3-4	safety
	how this links to their own		Y4 RE - festivals
	happiness		Y5 Art – Ancient Greek Art
			Y5 – ICT – online safety
•	that in School and in wider society	Y1-6	Y6 Art – study of different
	they can expect to be treated with		cultures
	respect by others, and that in turn		Y4 ICT Online
	they should show due respect to		communication
	others, including those in positions		(WhatsApp, FaceTime,
	of authority		Email, Gaming sidebar)
			Y6 Music - Reggae –
•	about different types of bullying	Y3 -6	Learning about social
	(including cyberbullying), the		injustice and how we can
	impact of bullying, responsibilities		approach this. Learning
	of bystanders (primarily reporting		about stereotypes
	bullying to an adult) and how to get		
	help		
•	what a stereotype is, and how	Y4 -6	
	stereotypes can be unfair, negative		
	or destructive		
		2/0 2/1 2/1	
•	the importance of permission-	Y3, Y4, Y6	
	seeking and giving in relationships		
	with friends, peers and adults		
ONLI	NE RELATIONSHIPS		
•	that people sometimes behave	Y6	Computing lessons.
	differently online, including by		External provider
	pretending to be someone they are		workshops every two years
	not		All year groups cover
			online safety as the first
•	that the same principles apply to	Y4, Y6	topic in ICT lessons.
	online relationships as to face-to-	,	r
	face relationships, including the		
	importance of respect for others		
L	in porture of respect for others	L	1

<ul> <li>online including when we are anonymous</li> <li>the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them</li> <li>how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of</li> </ul>	Y1, Y2 Y4, Y6	
<ul> <li>the risks associated with people they have never met</li> <li>how information and data is shared and used online</li> </ul>	Y6	
BEING SAFE		
what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)	Y3, Y4, Y6	NSPCC workshops for Y5 & 6 every 3 years, Y1 ICT – Online Safety Y1 Science – Ourselves/my body Y2 ICT – Online Safety Y3 ICT – Internet and email safety Y4 ICT Online Safety, Online communication and Online Research Y6 ICT – Online Safety unit of work
about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe	Y1-5, Y6	
<ul> <li>that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact</li> </ul>	Y1, Y3, Y4, Y6	
how to respond safely and     appropriately to adults they may     encounter (in all contexts, including     online) whom they do not know	Y2-4, Y6	
How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult	Y3, Y4, Y6	

how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard	Y2-Y4, Y6	
how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so	Y2-4, Y6	
where to get advice from e.g. family, School and/or other sources	Y2-4, Y6	
CHANGING ADOLESCENT BODY		
key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes	Y5, Y6	
about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle	Y5, Y6	

# **Appendix B** – Coverage across the Senior School

Topics and Objectives	Year Groups Taught and Topic (if different)
Internet Safety and Harms	
<ul> <li>the similarities and differences between the online world and the physical world, including: the impact of unhealthy or obsessive comparison with others online (including through setting unrealistic expectations for body image), how people may curate a specific image of their life online, over-reliance on online relationships (including social media)</li> <li>how to identify harmful behaviours online (including bullying, abuse or harassment) and how to report, or find support, if they have been affected by those behaviours</li> </ul>	Y7 'Happy Being Me' Y9 Your Digital Footprint  Y7 & Y8 Bullying Y10 & Y11 linked to unit on Consent (Disrespect Nobody) Y9 Sending sexually explicit images

#### Changing adolescent body key facts about puberty, the changing adolescent body Y7 Body Changes: and menstrual wellbeing Causes the main changes which take place in males and Y7 Body Changes: females, and the implications for emotional and Consequences physical health **Families** that there are different types of committed, stable Y9 Identity: relationships Individual, family how these relationships might contribute to human and community happiness and their importance for bringing up values children Diverse and what marriage is, including its legal status e.g. that conflicting values marriage carries legal rights and protections not Gender identity and available to couples who are cohabiting or who have transgender married, for example, in an unregistered religious Y10 – Relationships: ceremony Relating to others why marriage is an important relationship choice for Skills for successful many couples and why it must be freely entered into relationships the characteristics and legal status of other types of Parenting skills and long-term relationships family life the roles and responsibilities of parents with respect to Y11 – Relationships: the raising of children, including the characteristics of Exploitation and successful parenting abuse in relationships how to: determine whether other children, adults or Help and support for sources of information are trustworthy: judge when a relationships family, friend, intimate or other relationship is unsafe (and to recognise this in others' relationships); and, how to seek help Respectful relationships, including friendships Y7, Y9, Y11 the characteristics of positive and healthy friendships (in all contexts, including online) including: trust, Y7 Friendship (How respect, honesty, kindness, generosity, boundaries, to be a good friend) Y7 Relationships at privacy, consent and the management of conflict, School reconciliation and ending relationships. This includes different (non-sexual) types of relationship Y7 Changes in practical steps they can take in a range of different Relationships as we contexts to improve or support respectful get older Y9 Healthy & relationships how stereotypes, in particular stereotypes based on Unhealthy sex, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or Relationships disability, can cause damage (e.g. how they might Y9 Friendships

	1.7-7-7
normalise non-consensual behaviour or encourage	Y7 Influences
prejudice)	Y7 Peer Pressure
	Y9 CEG
• that in School and in wider society they can expect to	Y7 Relationships at
be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they	_
should show due respect to others, including people	Y7 Hinduism
in positions of authority and due tolerance of other	Y7 Discrimination:
people's beliefs	Ability
	Y7 Discrimination:
	Racism
	Y8 Discrimination
	and religion/legal
	considerations; Islam:
	Ageism
	Y9 Religion and
	Discrimination:
	Judaism
	Y9 Communities unit:
	Discrimination
	through invisibility
	Challenging
	discrimination
• shout different types of bullying (including	
about different types of bullying (including      about different types of bullying managinilities)      the impact of bullying managinilities.	Y7 Bullying
cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities	
of bystanders to report bullying and how and where	
to get help	
<ul> <li>that some types of behaviour within relationships are</li> </ul>	Y10 & Y11
criminal, including violent behaviour and coercive	Sex, sexuality and
control	sexual health:
<ul> <li>what constitutes sexual harassment and sexual</li> </ul>	Consent
violence and why these are always unacceptable	Sexual relationships
	Sexual health
<ul> <li>the legal rights and responsibilities regarding equality</li> </ul>	Year 8 The Equality
(particularly with reference to the protected	Act
characteristics as defined in the Equality Act 2010) and	
that everyone is unique and equal	Act and hate crimes
Online and media	
	V7 Relationships via
• their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online,	Y7 Relationships via
including that the same expectations of behaviour	the Internet
apply in all contexts, including online	2/40 0 2/44
about online risks, including that any material	Y10 & Y11
someone provides to another has the potential to be	Risk and safety:

shared online and the difficulty of removing The teenage brain potentially compromising material placed online Rights and not to provide material to others that they would not responsibilities online want shared further and not to share personal material When things go wrong online which is sent to them what to do and where to get support to report material Y10 & Y11 or manage issues online the impact of viewing harmful content Y10 & Y11 that specifically sexually explicit material e.g. Y10 & Y11 Sex, pornography presents a distorted picture of sexual sexuality and sexual behaviours, can damage the way people see health: themselves in relation to others and negatively affect Pornography how they behave towards sexual partner that sharing and viewing indecent images of children Y10 & Y11 (including those created by children) is a criminal Risk and safety: offence which carries severe penalties including jail Rights and how information and data is generated, collected, responsibilities online shared and used online Being safe the concepts of, and laws relating to, sexual consent, Y9, Y10 & Y11 sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, Sex, sexuality and harassment, rape domestic abuse, forced marriage, sexual health: honour-based violence and FGM, and how these can Consent affect current and future relationships Relationships: how people can actively communicate and recognise Exploitation and consent from others, including sexual consent, and abuse in relationships how and when consent can be withdrawn (in all Help and support for contexts, including online) relationships Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health how to recognise the characteristics and positive Y9, Y10 & Y11 Y9 Sexual aspects of healthy one-to-one intimate relationships, which include mutual respect, consent, loyalty, trust, relationships shared interests and outlook, sex and friendship that all aspects of health can be affected by choices Y9/Y11 Sexual they make in sex and relationships, positively or relationships and STIs negatively, e.g. physical, emotional, mental, sexual and reproductive health and wellbeing the facts about reproductive health, including fertility, Y7 (Science) & Y9 and the potential impact of lifestyle on fertility for (PSHEE) Y9 Conception/ men and women and menopause.

Fertilisation/Gestation

- that there are a range of strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure, including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressurising others
- that they have a choice to delay sex or to enjoy intimacy without sex
- the facts about the full range of contraceptive choices, efficacy and options available
- the facts around pregnancy including miscarriage
- that there are choices in relation to pregnancy (with medically and legally accurate, impartial information on all options, including keeping the baby, adoption, abortion and where to get further help)
- how the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDs, are transmitted, how risk can be reduced through safer sex (including through condom use) and the importance of and facts about testing
- about the prevalence of some STIs, the impact they can have on those who contract them and key facts about treatment.
- how the use of alcohol and drugs can lead to risky sexual behaviour
- how to get further advice, including how and where to access confidential sexual and reproductive health advice and treatment

Y9-Y11

Y9 - 11

Y9/Y11 Y9 Contraception Y11 Sex, sexuality and sexual health: Pregnancy choices

Y9/Y11

Y11 Alcohol, tobacco and other drugs Y9/Y11